A New Option in Midge Control

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Midge Problems Continue.....

- Chironomid midges continue to cause nuisance problems throughout the world
- Do not transmit disease
- Limited research emphasis from a suppression standpoint
- Identification difficult
- Can be ecologically important



Diptera: Chironomidae

- Suborder: NematoceraBti susceptible
- Closely related to mosquitoes and black flies
- Very Common, found in most aquatic ecosystems
- Four life stages: egg, larva, pupa, and adult
- Larval stage, 4 instars, < 2 weeks to years
- Larvae live in substrates at the bottom of ponds
- Feed on great variety of organic substrates
- Estimated at ~3-5000 larvae/sq. yard or 2.2 4.0 million / acre





Adult Midges

- Short lived
- Do not feed may sugar feed a little
- Reduced mouthparts and atrophied gut
- Purpose reproduction and dispersal
- Females broadcast eggs or deposit gelatinous egg masses on the water's surface or on emergent vegetation

Not all midges created equal...

- Family Chironomidae
- Three primary subfamilies
- Fortunately Chironominae are susceptible to Bti ... Glyptotendipes paripes our primary pest
- Less susceptible Orthocladinae
- While Tanypodinae are generally unaffected
- Likely relates to feeding techniques/habits

The New Option Is.....Bactimos PT

- Bactimos PT
- Newly registered Bti formulation for midge suppression
- Bti = Bacillus thuriengensis subsp. isrealensis
- Effective and safe

Bactimos PT

Biological Larvicide

Active lugredient: Bacilius thuringiensis subsp. Israelensis strain AM 65-52 fermentation solids, spores, and

The percent active ingredient does not indicate product performance and potency measurements are not Federally

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION

For MEDICAL and TRANSPORT Emergencies ONLY Call 24 Hours A Day 1-877-315-9819.

For All Other Information Call 1-800-323-9597.

FIRST AID If in Eves: • Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently

with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses. If present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eve. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

If on Skin • Take off contaminated clothing Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes.

· Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

HOT LINE NUMBER

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. You may also contact 1-877-315-9819 (24 hours) for emergency medical treatment and or transport emergency information. For all other information, call 1-900-323-9597.



List No. 05733-04-01

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC AHIMALS

CAUTION
Causes moderate eye Irritation. Avoid contact with eyes or clothing. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, or using bobaco. Mixers/loaders and applicators not in enclosed cabs or alterant must wear a dustimist filtering respirator meeting MicCell standards of at least N-95, R-95 or P-95. Repeated exposure to high concentrations of microbial proteins can cause altergic sensitization.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

Do not apply directly to treated, finished drinking water reservoirs or drinking water receptacles when the water is inlended for human consumption. DIRECTIONS FOR USE

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.

Do not contaminate water, look of up also.

Storage: Store in cook, dry place.

Pesticide Disposal: Wastis resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on site or at an agroved waste disposal facility Container.

Disposal: Triple rinse (or equivalent). Then puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill,

or by incineration, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

APPLICATION DIRECTIONS

Midge Habitat (such as the following examples): Suggested Rate Range*

Man-made or natural lakes. ponds, lagoons, sewage exidation ponds,

25-30 kg/ha(22.3-26.8 lbs/acre) Channels, ditches used for industrial discharges
* Use higher rate in deeper water > 0.5 meters (20 inches) of water.

Repeat applications as needed after 2-3 weeks. Comtrol of midges may be gradual over a period of two

Application Methods
Applications of Tuniformly over the entire surface of the take or pond. In large, Apply Bact most PT uniformly over the entire surface resembles account on the principle of the surface resembles as not possible, applications concentrated along the perimiter may be effective in reduction andige possibles; most of the unitable middle larvae of many species will occur within 2 meters of the pond perimeter in < 1 meter deep water.

Apply Bactimos PT using conventional ground application equipment such as, hand or motorized spreaders or backpack blowers. A uniform application over the surface of the area to be treated its essential for optimum midge population reduction.

Midges Controlled with Bactimos PT

inveges consistent with execution PT of Only a small percentage of the thousands of petitinous species of mon-biting midges have been leated for susceptibility to Baddmos PT. Marribars of the sublamity Chirocontri and Tençtashi are generally susceptible, members of the sublamity Tanypodhase are not susceptible at the Badtimos PT labeled-use rate.

When initially using Bactimos PT in a midge control program, it is recommended that only a small fest area be treated if the species of midge(s) to be controlled has not been identified.

NOTICE TO USER
To the fullest extent permitted by law, seller makes no warranty, express or implied, of
menchantability, fitness or otherwise concerning use of this product other than as indicated
on the label. User assumes all risks of use, storage or handling not in strict accordance with

Net Content:



Efficacy Trials Conducted in 2006 & 2007

- Ponds treated with Maruyama backpack blower
- Bank and boat application
- Efficacy evaluated through larval sampling
- Samples collected in a band between 10 and 20 feet from the bank w/Eckman Dredge







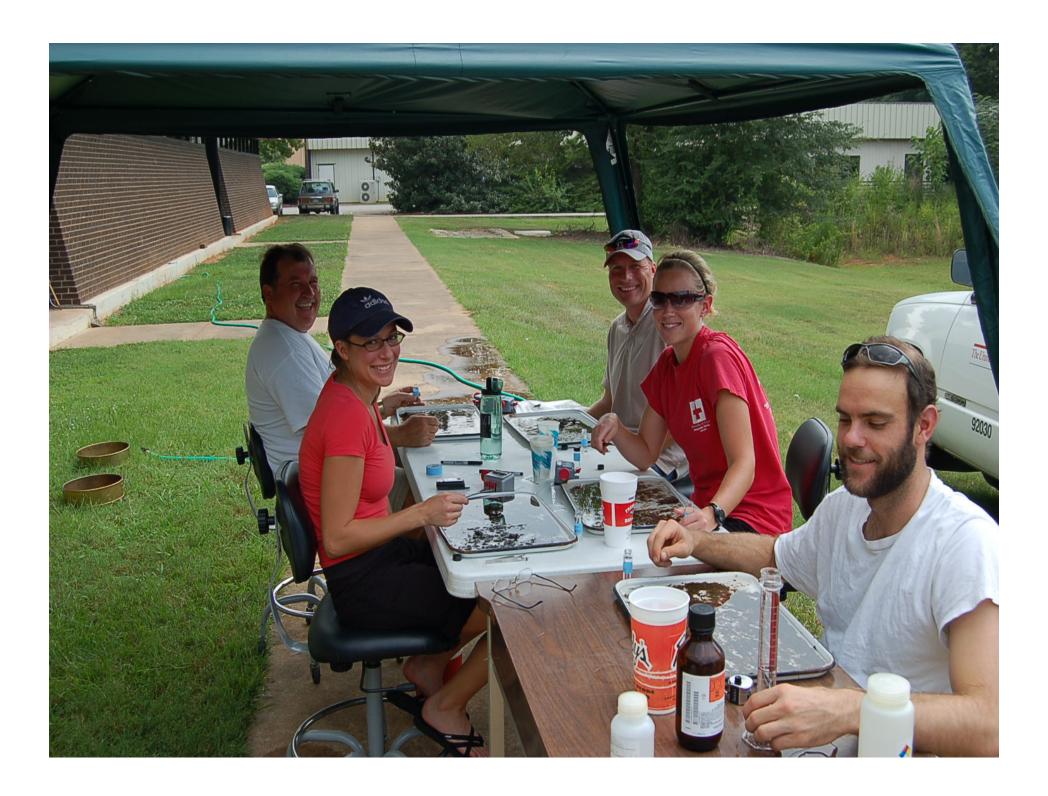


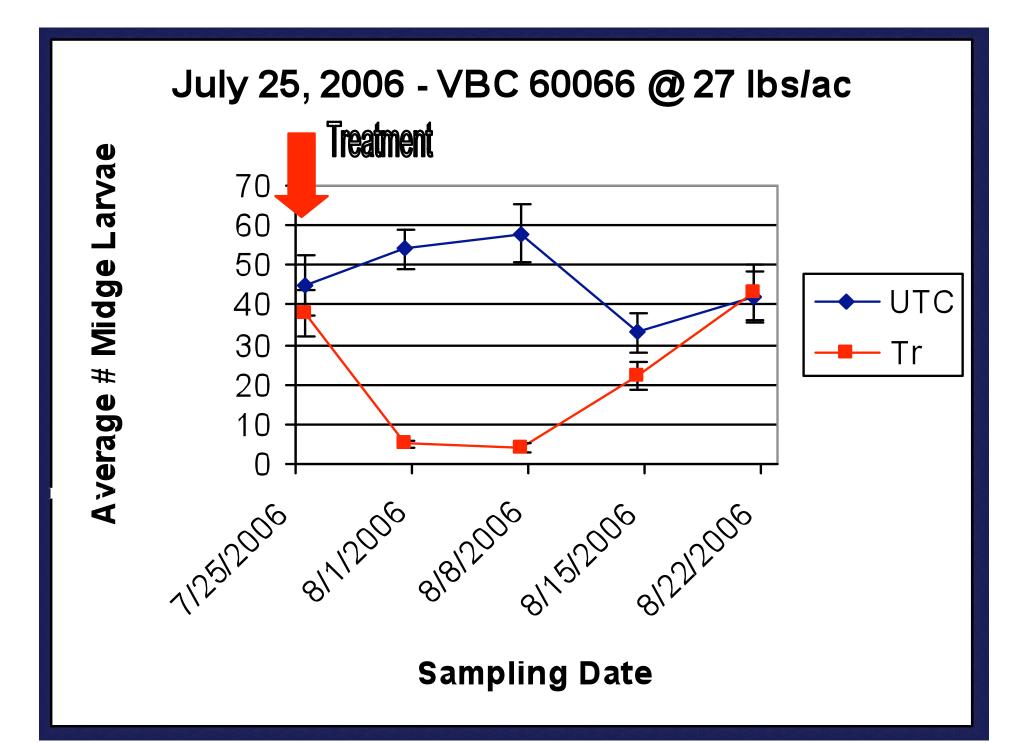


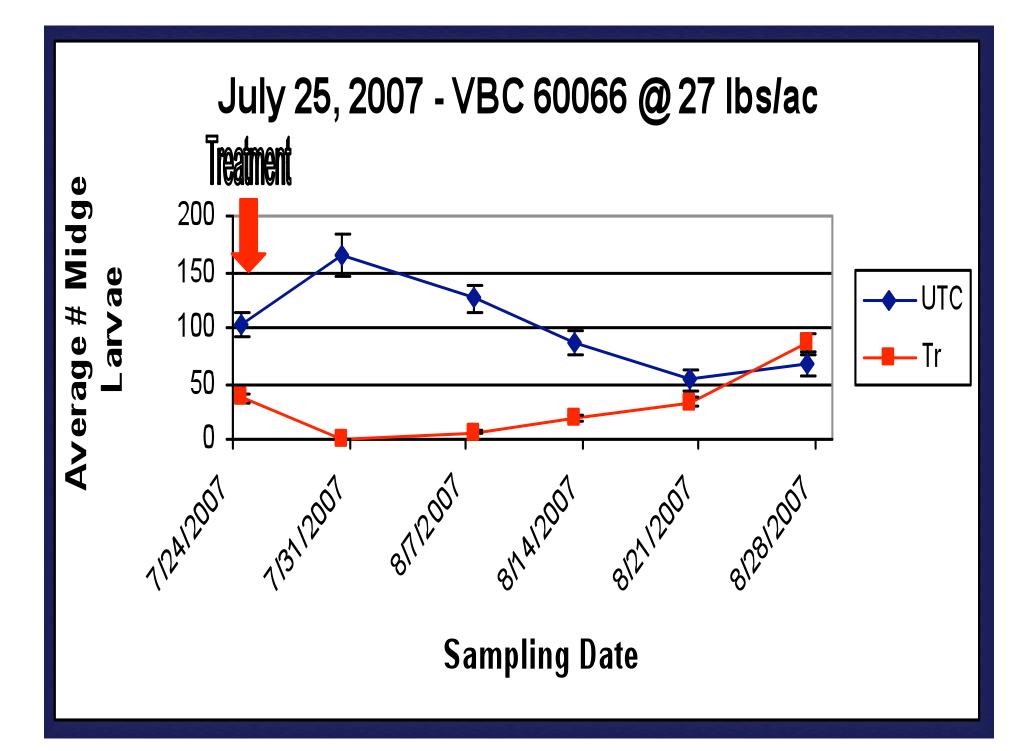




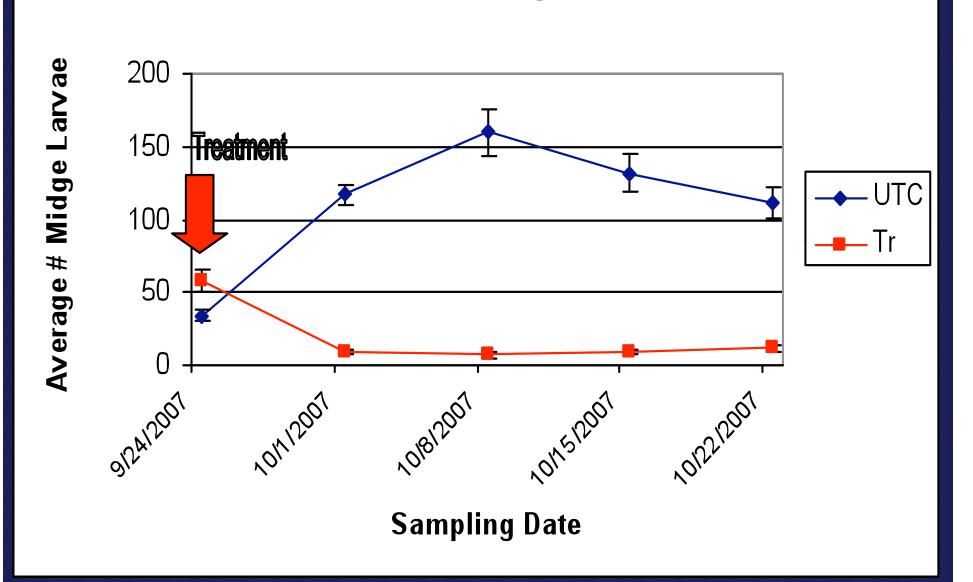




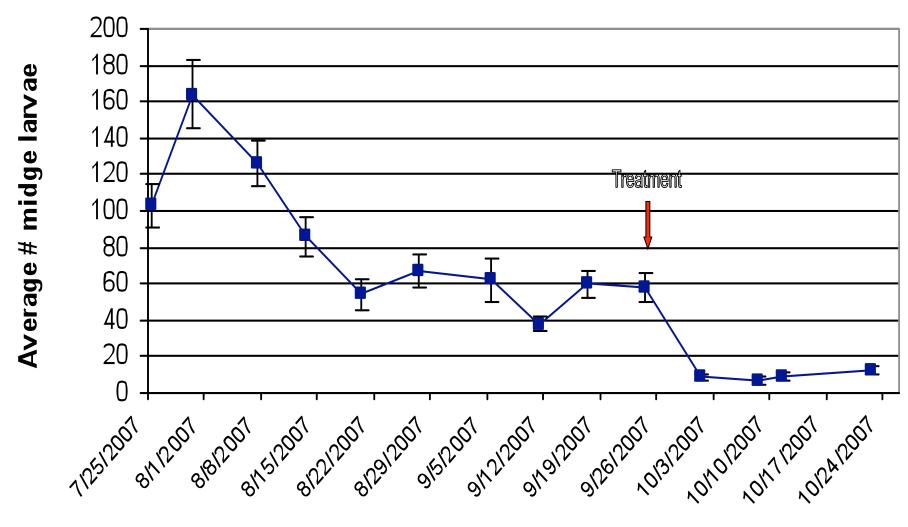




September 24, 2007 Band Treatment @ 27lbs/ac

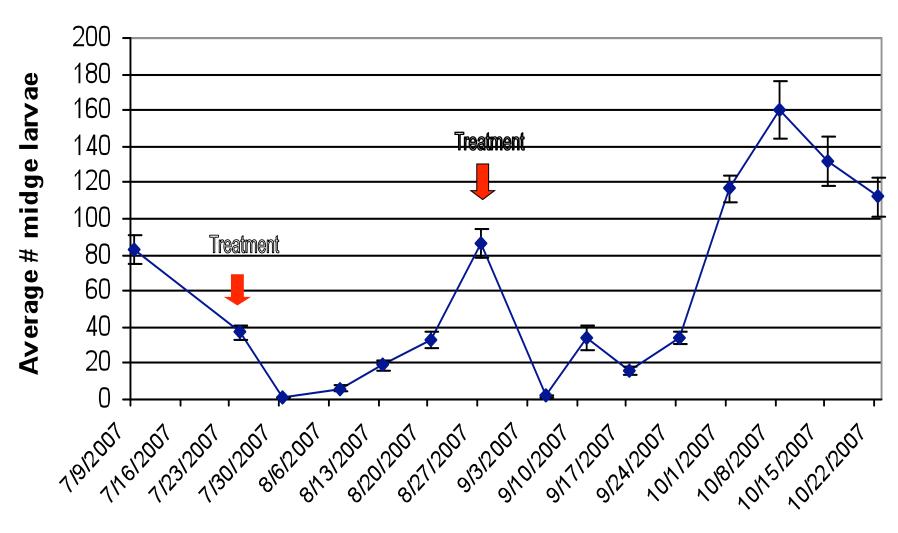


Planters Row Pond - 2007 Midge Season



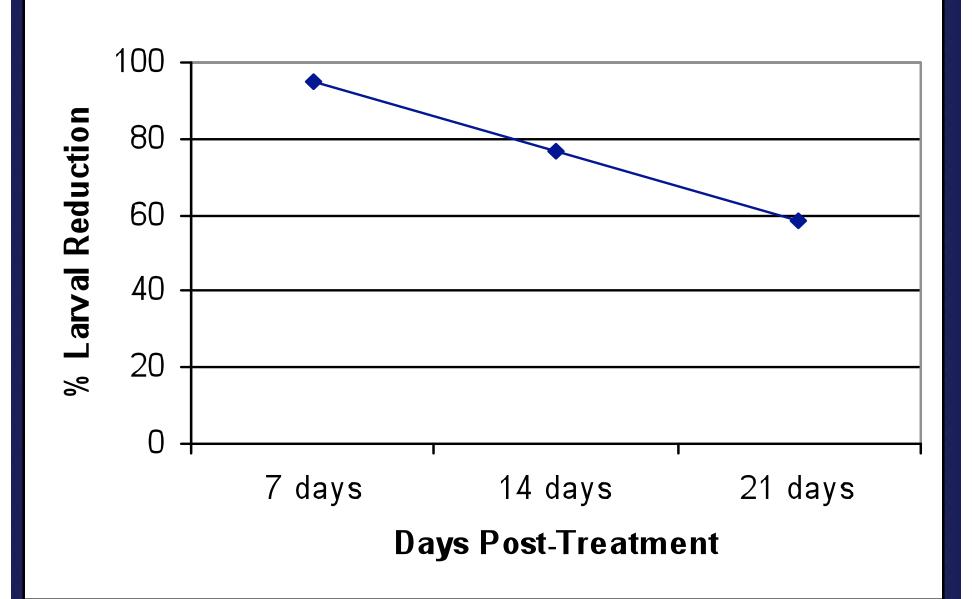
Sampling Date

Scarborough Head Road Pond



Sampling Date

Summary - % Larval Reduction







In Conclusion

- Bactimos PT has demonstrated good efficacy against the primary nuisance species, Glyptotendipes paripes
- Treatments every 14-28 days
- Band Treatment may be possible
- Firm, sandy bottoms highly productive
- Mucky areas with decaying material not as productive
- NUISANCE MIDGE POPULATIONS NOT GOING AWAY!



